

Tutorial 8: Perspective Reformulation

GIAN Short Course on Optimization: Applications, Algorithms, and Computation

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Uncapacitated Facility Location Problem (UFL)

Problem description:

- Set of facilities \mathcal{I} , and a set of customers \mathcal{J} .
- Customers have unit demand, which is met from open facilities.
- Shipment cost q_{ij} from facility $i \in \mathcal{I}$ to customer $j \in \mathcal{J}$ is proportional to square of the quantity shipped.
- Fixed charge c_i if facility $i \in \mathcal{I}$ is open, otherwise 0.
- Minimize total cost: sum of fixed cost and shipment cost.

Decision variables:

- $z_i \in \{0,1\}$: Binary = 1 if facility $i \in \mathcal{I}$ open, = 0otherwise.
- x_{ij} : Quantity shipped from facility $i \in \mathcal{I}$ to customer $j \in \mathcal{J}$.

Uncapacitated Facility Location Problem(UFL)

Objective: Minimize total cost

$$\operatorname{Min} \sum_{i \in \mathcal{I}} c_i z_i + \sum_{i \in I} \sum_{j \in J} q_{ij} x_{ij}^2,$$

Constraints

Quantity can be shipped only from open facilities

$$x_{ij} \leq z_i, \ \forall i \in \mathcal{I}, j \in \mathcal{J},$$

② Demand satisfaction of customers

$$\sum_{i\in\mathcal{I}}x_{ij}=1,\quad\forall j\in\mathcal{J},$$

Non-negativity constraints

$$z_i \in \{0,1\}, \ x_{ij} \ge 0, \ \forall i \in \mathcal{I}, j \in \mathcal{J}.$$



Uncapacitated Facility Location Problem(UFL)

Reformulate model using auxiliary variables y_{ij} , $i \in \mathcal{I}$, $j \in \mathcal{J}$.

$$\operatorname{Min} \sum_{i \in \mathcal{I}} c_i z_i + \sum_{i \in \mathcal{I}} \sum_{j \in \mathcal{J}} q_{ij} y_{ij} \tag{1}$$

Subject to:
$$x_{ij} \leq z_i$$
, $\forall i \in \mathcal{I}, j \in \mathcal{J}$, (2)

$$\sum_{i \in \mathcal{I}} x_{ij} = 1, \qquad \forall j \in \mathcal{J}, \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{x_{ij}^2}{z_i} \le y_{ij}, \qquad \forall i \in \mathcal{I}, j \in \mathcal{J}, \quad (4)$$

$$0 \le z_i \le 1, \ x_{ij} \ge 0, \quad \forall i \in \mathcal{I}, j \in \mathcal{J}.$$
 (5)



Uncapacitated Facility Location Problem(UFL)

Consider the following different formulations of constraint (4):

•
$$F1: x_{ij}^2 \le y_{ij} * z_i, \ \forall i \in \mathcal{I}, j \in \mathcal{J}$$

•
$$F2: x_{ij}^2/z_i \le y_{ij}, \ \forall i \in \mathcal{I}, j \in \mathcal{J}$$

•
$$F3: \sqrt{(4*x_{ij}^2+(y_{ij}-z_i)^2)} <= y_{ij}+z_i, \ \forall i \in \mathcal{I}, j \in \mathcal{J}$$

• F4:
$$\frac{x_{ij}^2}{(z_i + 0.0001)} <= y_{ij}, \ \forall i \in \mathcal{I}, j \in \mathcal{J}$$

•
$$F5: \frac{x_{ij}^2}{((1-0.0001)*z_i+0.0001)} <= y_{ij}, \ \forall i \in \mathcal{I}, j \in \mathcal{J}$$

Implement all the five models in AMPL and run each of the models with different solvers, and report the outcome.

AMPL Modeling Tip 1: Named Problems

```
var x >= 0, := 1;
var y, := 1;
var z binary, := 0.5;
minimize cost: z + y;
subject to
  linear: x <= z;</pre>
  # ... different formulations of perspective
  F1: x^2 \le y*z;
  F2: x^2/z \le y;
  F3: x^2 \le y*z;
# ... define a problem for each formulation
problem Formulation1: x, y, z, cost, linear, F1;
problem Formulation2: x, y, z, cost, linear, F2;
problem Formulation3: x, y, z, cost, linear, F3;
```

AMPL Modeling Tip 2: Run Files

```
printf "Solving UFL Formulation F2 by Solver snopt ...\n";
reset:
option solver snopt;
model UFL.mod:
solve Formulation2 > UFL_F2_snopt.out;
display _varname, _var >> UFL_F2_snopt.out;
display _conname, _con >> UFL_F2_snopt.out;
display _varname, _var;
See UFL.mod and UFL.ampl
Usage
ampl: model UFL.ampl;
Delete all the temp files that you generate at the end!
```